## **REVIEW FIVE**

## 1. Complete these sentences using the correct form of the verbs:

a)	I can't afford that ring. It (to cost) costs too much.
b)	Look. It (to begin)is beginning to rain. Unfortunately, I (to have, not)don't have a raincoat.
c)	I (to own, not)don't own an umbrella. I (to wear)wear a waterproof hat on rainy days.
d)	As a rule, I (to sleep) sleep until 6 o'clock in the morning, and then I (to get) get up and (to study) study for my classes.
e)	My grandfather (to take) is taking a nap in the living room. We (to want, not) don't want to wake him up. He (to need) needs his rest.
f)	I am sitting in class right now. I (to sit)was sitting in class at this exact time yesterday.
g)	I don't want to go to the zoo today because it is raining. The same thing happened yesterday. I (to want, not)didn't want to go to the zoo because it (to rain)was raining
h)	I (to call)called Richard at nine last night, but he (to be, not)wasn't at home. He (to study)was studying at the library.
i)	I (to hear, not)didn't hear the thunder during the storm last night because I (to sleep)was sleeping
j)	It was beautiful yesterday when we went for a walk in the park. The sun (to shine)was shining A cool breeze (to blow)was blowing  The birds (to sing)were singing
k)	Why (to be)were you angry with me yesterday?
I)	Liz is from Lisboa. She (to live)has lived there all her life.
	)'How long (to learn)have been learning English at Amazing Company?' 'Two months.'
2.	Answer in complete sentences using would rather:
a) 	You are in the hospital right now. Where would you rather be? _I'd rather be at the beach
b)	What would you rather do than play soccer? _I'd rather play tennis
c)	Where did you go last night? Where would you rather have gone?  _I went home, I'd rather have gone to the club
d)	Where are you working? Where would you rather be working?  I'm working here, I'd rather be working there



3. Complete the sentences using the right form of the verb:		
<ul> <li>a)Studying is a good activity that is recommended. (to study)</li> <li>b) Where do you enjoy jogging ? (to jog)</li> <li>c) The boy left without getting the poor children. (to help)</li> <li>e) Nobody understood their travelling to Paris. (to travel)</li> </ul>		
4. Complete the sentences using So, Because or Even Though:		
<ul> <li>a) I had received my salary,soI went to that big restaurant.</li> <li>b) She was in the beach,even thoughher doctor said that she was supposed to avoid it.</li> <li>c) We never go out,becausewe love to stay at home on Saturday night.</li> <li>d) It is raining,somy partner will not come.</li> <li>e) He was thirsty,becausehe didn't drink water.</li> </ul>		
5. Make questions to the sentences:		
a) Where is Ronald going to live? In London. Ronald is going to live in London. b) When did Maria study in Panama? Last year. Maria studied in Panama last year. c) Why are you drinking hot chocolate? It's cold. I'm drinking a hot chocolate because it's cold. d) How often do they go to the cottage? Rarely. They rarely go to their cottage. e) How often do they travel by plane? Seldom. They seldom travel by plane. f) How many engineers will there be next meeting? Twenty-four. There will be at about twenty-four engineers next meeting. g) When will your graduation be? Five months from now. My graduation will be next five months from now. h) Where has he gone? Cuba. He's gone to Cuba because he wants to study abroad. i) Hello. Who is this? It's me. j) How many times have you been here? Four times.		
6. Combine the following sets of sentences into one using who, which, whose or that:		
a) The child is wearing a blue T-shirt. He is Peter's first son. The child is wearing a blue T-shirt is Peter's first son		

<ul> <li>b) That building is being painted yellow. It will be a big restaurant. That building, which will be a big restaurant, is being repainted.</li> <li>c) A Ferrari costs much money. It's an excellente car. A Ferrari, which costs much money, is an excellent car.</li> <li>d) The boy is John's first son. He passed all the exams. The boy, who passed all the exams, is John's first son.</li> <li>e) Fernando is very intelligent. He is in the manager's room all the morning. Fernando, who is in the manager's room all the morning, is very intelligent.</li> <li>f) New York attracts many people. It offers many opportunities. New York, which offers many opportunities, attracts many people.</li> </ul>
7. Change the sentences to Indirect Speech:
Example: The fireman said, "We can't extinguish the fire without special clothes ."  The fireman said that they couldn't extinguish the fire without special clothes
a) Lucas said, "I have never driven a truck." Lucas said he had never driven a truck. b) My mother answered, "Your father didn't give money to me." My mother answered that my father hadn't given the money to her. c) Roy said, "We've been traveling for two hours." Roy said that they had been travelling for two hours. d) Bob said to me, "You're my best friend." Bod said to me that I was his best friend. e) Patsy said, "I'm terribly sorry for breaking the window." Patsy said she was terribly sorry for breaking the windows. f) Chris asked Jean, "Would you come to the cinema with me?" Chris asked Jean if he would come to the cinema with him.
8. Change to the passive voice:
Example: We will send the e-mail this night. <u>The e-mail will be sent this night.</u>
a) The boy didn't deliver a pizza in our house. A pizza wasn't delivered in our house. b) The singers produced a new recordA new record was produced. c) The dog is biting the boneThe bone is being bitten. d) The monkey is eating a bananaA banana is being eaten. e) They are going to build a new houseA new house is going to be built.



9. Rewrite the sentences omitting the relative pronoun. Other chances are necessary.
<ul> <li>a) The man with whom she had lunch yesterday is her boss.</li> <li>The man she had lunch with yesterday is her boss.</li> <li>b) The knife with which you are cutting the meat belonged to my great grandmother.</li> <li>The knife you are cutting the meat with belonged to my great grandmother.</li> <li>c) The company for which he works has gone bankrupt.</li> <li>The company he works for has gone bankrupt.</li> <li>d) We didn't recognize the people at whom we were looking.</li> <li>We didn't recognize the people we were looking at.</li> </ul>
10. Complete the sentences with relative pronouns.
a) Christopher Columbus was the sailorwhodiscovered America. b) This food has an ingredientwhich is very sweet. c) The ladywho plays soccer with me is the headmaster of my school. d) Keith,who is married to Melanie, was born in Málaga. e) She is the directorwhose first film won a Goya. f) Tim is the personwho owns the restaurant where we ate last Saturday. g) The house inwhere/ which I was born is now for sale.
11. Correct these mistakes.
a) They asked me how old was I. b) Mary said me that she was very happy. Mary told me that she was very happy. c) Tom asked Kate that if she had posted the letter. Tom asked Kate if she had posted the letter. d) We told her that she stayed with us. We told her to stay with us. e) The policeman asked me to park not the car there. The policeman asked me not to park the car there f) She wanted to know where did I live. She wanted to know where I lived.
12. Rewrite these sentences in the <i>passive</i> beginning with the words provided.
<ul> <li>a) They will ask you lots of questions. You will be asked lots of questions.</li> <li>b) Someone is going to send her some flowers. She is going to be sent some glowers.</li> <li>c) They didn't pay me much for that job. I wasn't paid much for that job.</li> <li>d) Have they offered him a better job? Has he been offered a better job?</li> <li>e) They told us a secret</li> </ul>



We were told a secret